

AD-A209 024

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SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER ARO 23793.3-MS	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. N/A	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER N/A
TITLE (and Subtitle) Microcellular Foams From Rigid-Rod Polymers in Solutions: Effect of Aggregation Characteristics on Foam Properties		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Final 3/86-2/89
AUTHOR(s) M. T. Shaw and C. L. Jackson		6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS The University of Connecticut IMS, 97 N. Eagleville Rd. Storrs, CT 06269-3136		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s) DAAL03-86-G-0061
CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS U. S. Army Research Office Post Office Box 12211 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office)		12. REPORT DATE April 30, 1989
		13. NUMBER OF PAGES 3
		15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) Unclassified
		15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report) Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.		
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report) NA		
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES The view, opinions, and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy, or decision, unless so designated by other documentation.		
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Microcellular Foams, PBLG, Rigid-Rod Polymers • JTS		
20. Abstract Upon cooling, solutions of rigid-rod macromolecules often form gels. These can be further processed to form microcellular materials with very regular structure. A two -stage melting of the precursor gels has been tentatively associated with a bimodal structure found in the microcellular materials.		

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Unannounced	<input type="checkbox"/>
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## STATEMENT OF PROBLEM STUDIED

In solutions of rigid-rod macromolecules, an antagonistic interaction between the solvent and rod causes the rods to aggregate. The aspect of interest to us in this research is the nature of the supermolecular structures which result on further processing of these solutions. A final step in the processing is the complete removal of the solvent to form a three-dimensional microcellular material. The specific problem addressed was the influence of the aggregating nature of the solvent (as determined by various physical-chemical methods) on the supermolecular structures and the resulting microcellular materials.

## SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Using the model system polybenzylglutamate (PBLG), we studied a range of solvents including benzene, benzyl alcohol, dioxane and dioxane/water mixtures. The nature of the intermediate structures (gels) from these solutions was investigated by dynamic mechanical and thermal techniques. We found that the gels had a complex structure which melted in two stages. This characteristics was independent of the aggregating nature of the solvent (e.g., benzene vs benzyl alcohol). Detailed examination of the concomitant microcellular materials revealed, in some cases, a distinct structural bimodality which could be the cause of two-step melting of the gel.

## LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

Publications partially supported by this grant include:

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4. C. L. Jackson and M. T. Shaw, "Microcellular Materials from Solutions of Rod-Like Polymers", Macromolecules (submitted).
5. C. L. Jackson, et al. "The Linear Elastic Properties of Microcellular Foams", in preparation.

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